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PGR Secure International Conference

ENHANCED GENEPOOL UTILIZATION - Capturing wild relative and landrace diversity for crop improvement
Cambridge, 16-20 June 2014

Optimized site selection for the *in situ* conservation of forage and fodder CWRs: a combination of community and genetic level perspectives

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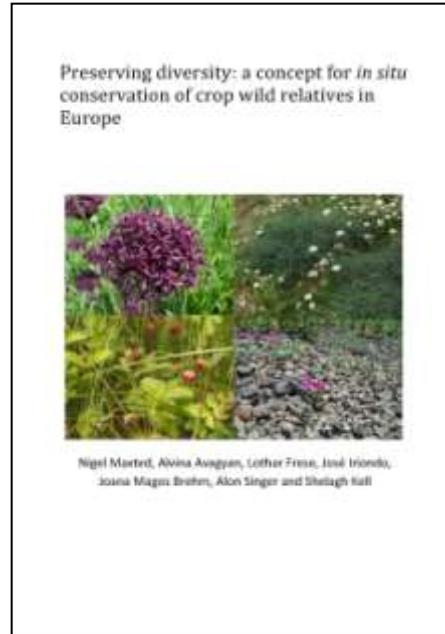
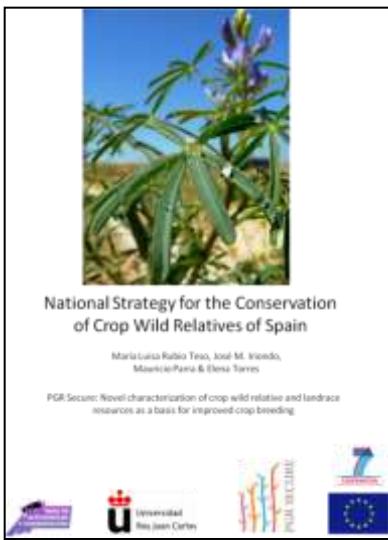
Work funded under the project:



PGR Secure: Novel characterization of crop wild relative and landrace resources as a basis for improved crop breeding.

7th Framework programme. Grant agreement no. 266394

INTRODUCTION



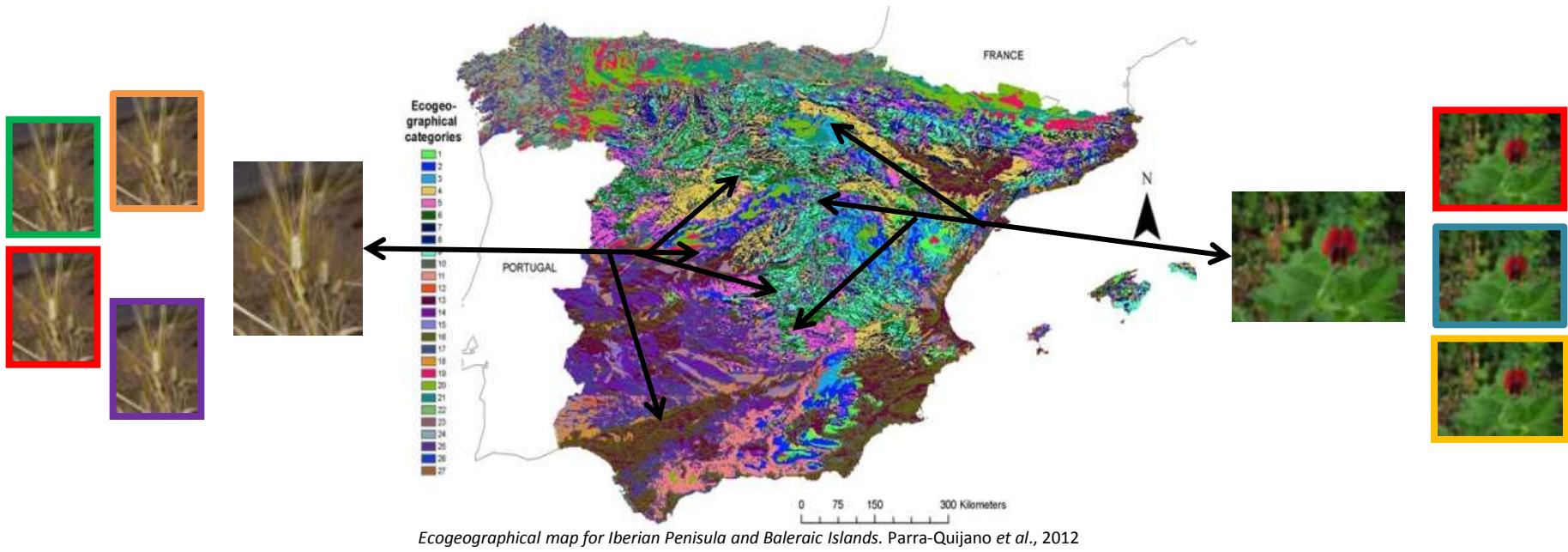
- High concentration of CWR species - HOTSPOTS
- Maximum number of CWR in minimum number of sites – COMPLEMENTARITY AREAS

Need to optimize due to limited resources

INTRODUCTION

Not only the number of CWR is important!

Different environmental conditions → different selection pressures



Ecogeographic Land Characterization maps (ELC maps) as a proxy to estimate genetic diversity of adaptive value

Target unit for conservation → populations of one species occurring in a particular ecogeographical unit (EU)

Forage and Fodder PGR frequently grow together → natural communities



Why not identify phytosociological associations as targets for CWR conservation?

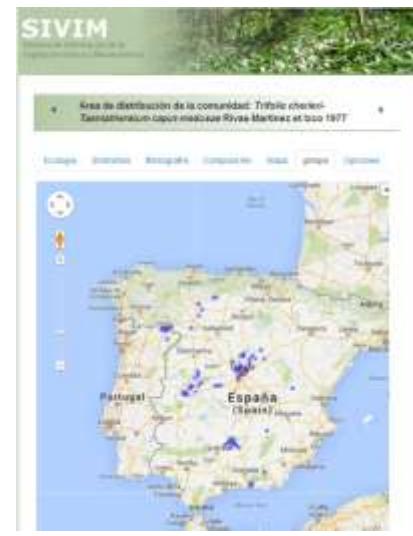
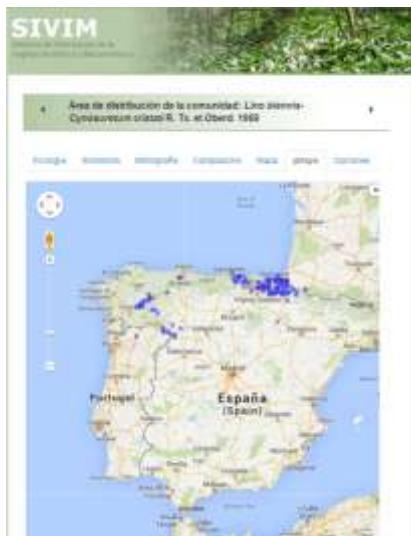
- ➡ Focus simultaneously on various CWR species
- ➡ Usually contain related species → useful for the breeders

TESTING OF NEW TARGET UNIT FOR CONSERVATION: **PHYTOSOCIOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION – ECOGEOGRAPHIC UNIT (PsA-EU)**

METHODS

Starting point → forage & fodder CWR in the Prioritized Spanish Checklist belonging to Genepool concept 1B (Harlan & de Wet, 1976) → (44 species)

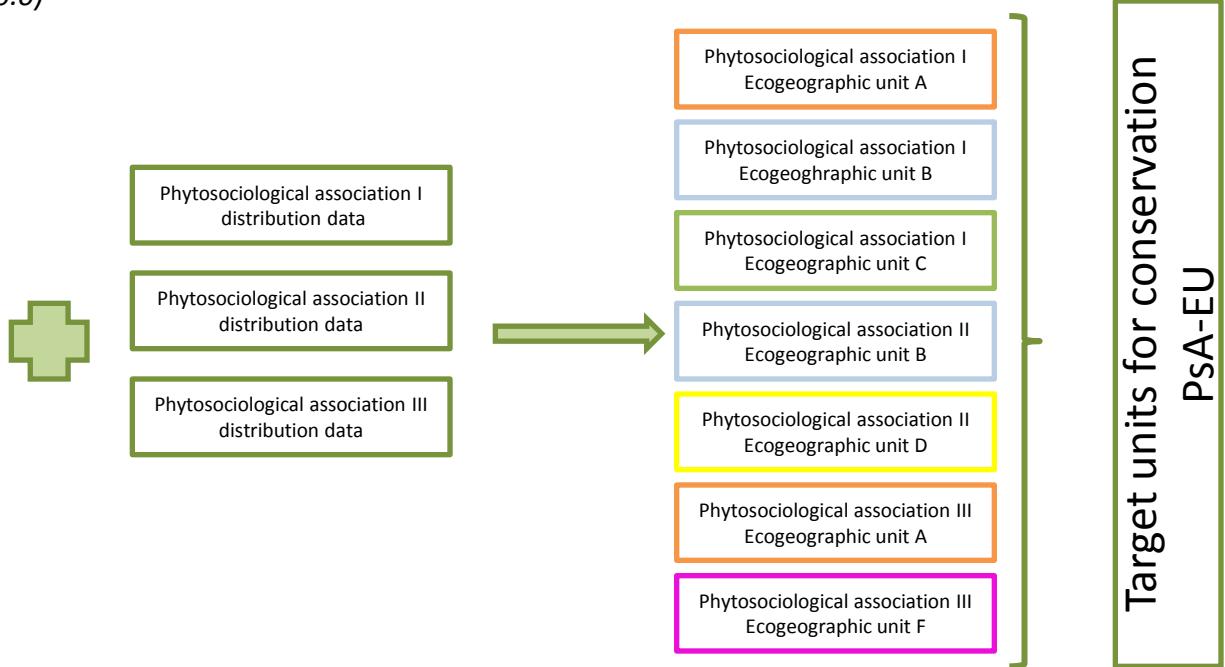
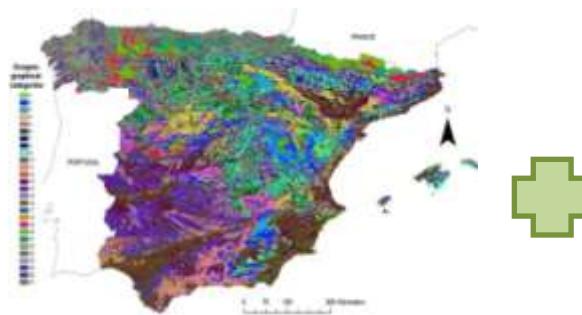
- Identification of phytosociological associations that contain prioritized forage & fodder CWR (Sivim databases: <http://www.sivim.info/sivi/>)
- Download distribution data of phytosociological associations (SIVIM databases: <http://www.sivim.info/sivi/>)



METHODS

- Creation of PsA- EU target units overlapping distribution data of phytosociological associations selected with ecogeographical map of Iberian Peninsula and Balearic Islands (*Parra-Quijano et al., 2012*) (*ARC-GIS, 10.0*)

Ecogeographical map for Iberian Peninsula and Balearic Islands. Parra-Quijano et al., 2012



- Geographic gap analysis with Natura 2000 network (*ARC-GIS, 10.0*)
- Complementarity analysis (10x10 km grid) (*DIVA-GIS 7.0*)

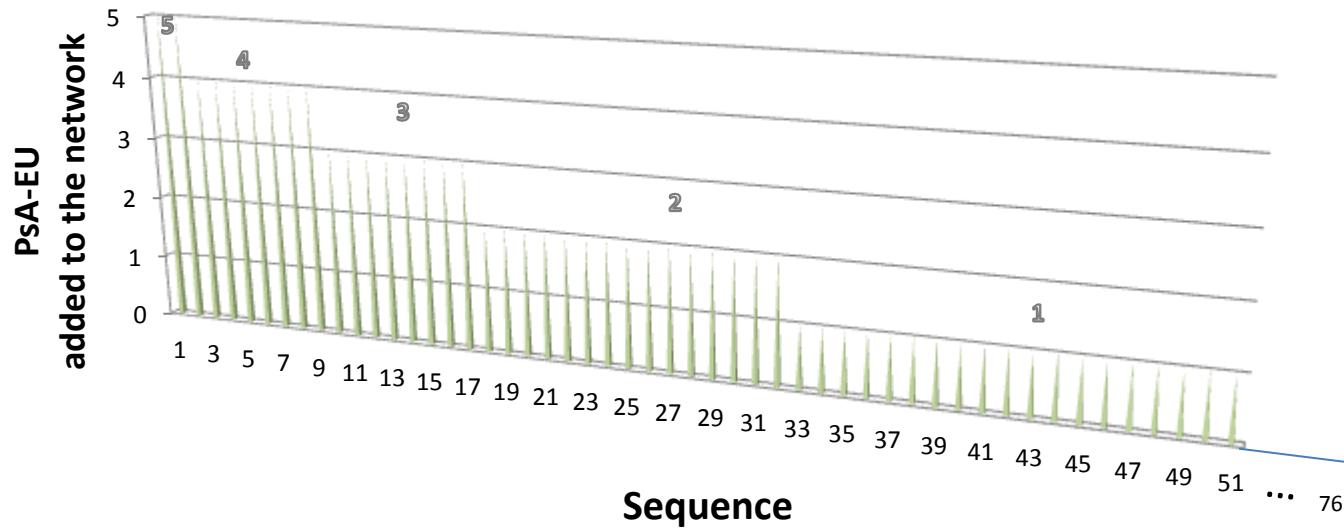
RESULTS & DISCUSSION

- 44 species classified in GP 1B.
- 13 phytosociological associations contained 33 prioritized species
- 130 conservation units (PsA-EU)
- Gap analysis showed that $59 \pm 26\%$ ($M \pm SD$) of the conservation units where under passive protection in Natura 2000 network.

Phytosociological association	Genus	Species
Lino biennis-Cynosuretum cristati	<i>Dactylis</i>	<i>glomerata</i>
	<i>Festuca</i>	<i>pratensis</i>
	<i>Poa</i>	<i>pratensis</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>dubium</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>pratense</i>
	<i>Lolium</i>	<i>miltiflorum</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>repens</i>
	<i>Agrostis</i>	<i>capillaris</i>
	<i>Festuca</i>	<i>arundinacea</i>
	<i>Lolium</i>	<i>perenne</i>
	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>lupulina</i>
Rhinantho mediterranei-Trisetum flavescentis	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>lupulina</i>
	<i>Dactylis</i>	<i>glomerata</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>incarnatum</i>
	<i>Festuca</i>	<i>pratensis</i>
	<i>Poa</i>	<i>pratensis</i>
Trifolio cherleri-Taeniatheretum caput-medusae	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>angustifolium</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>arvense</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>striatum</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>campestre</i>
Festuco ampliae-Poetum bulbosae	<i>Poa</i>	<i>bulbosa</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>subterraneum</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>striatum</i>
Helianthemetum guttati	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>arvense</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>nigrescens</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>campestre</i>
Alchemillo flabellatae-Nardetum strictae	<i>Agrostis</i>	<i>capillaris</i>
	<i>Poa</i>	<i>alpina</i>
Anthoxantho ovati-Vulpietum geniculatae	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>arabica</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>resupinatum</i>
Buxo sempervirentis-Quercetum pubescens	<i>Poa</i>	<i>compressa</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>medium</i>
Coleostepho myconis-Chamaemeletum fuscum	<i>Lupinus</i>	<i>angustifolius</i>
	<i>Ornithopus</i>	<i>compressus</i>
Diplotaxis virgatae-Fedietum cornucopiae	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>rigidula</i>
	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>truncatula</i>
Hedysaro coronarii-Phalaridetum coerulescens	<i>Hedysarum</i>	<i>coronarium</i>
	<i>Trifolium</i>	<i>squarrosum</i>
Linario eleganti-Anthoxanthetum aristati	<i>Lupinus</i>	<i>luteus</i>
	<i>Ornithopus</i>	<i>sativus</i>
Trifolio fragiferi-Cynodontetum dactyli	<i>Agrostis</i>	<i>stolonifera</i>
	<i>Medicago</i>	<i>sativa</i>

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

- Complementarity analysis identified 76 places for a full conservation of selected CWR (130 conservation units PsA-EU)



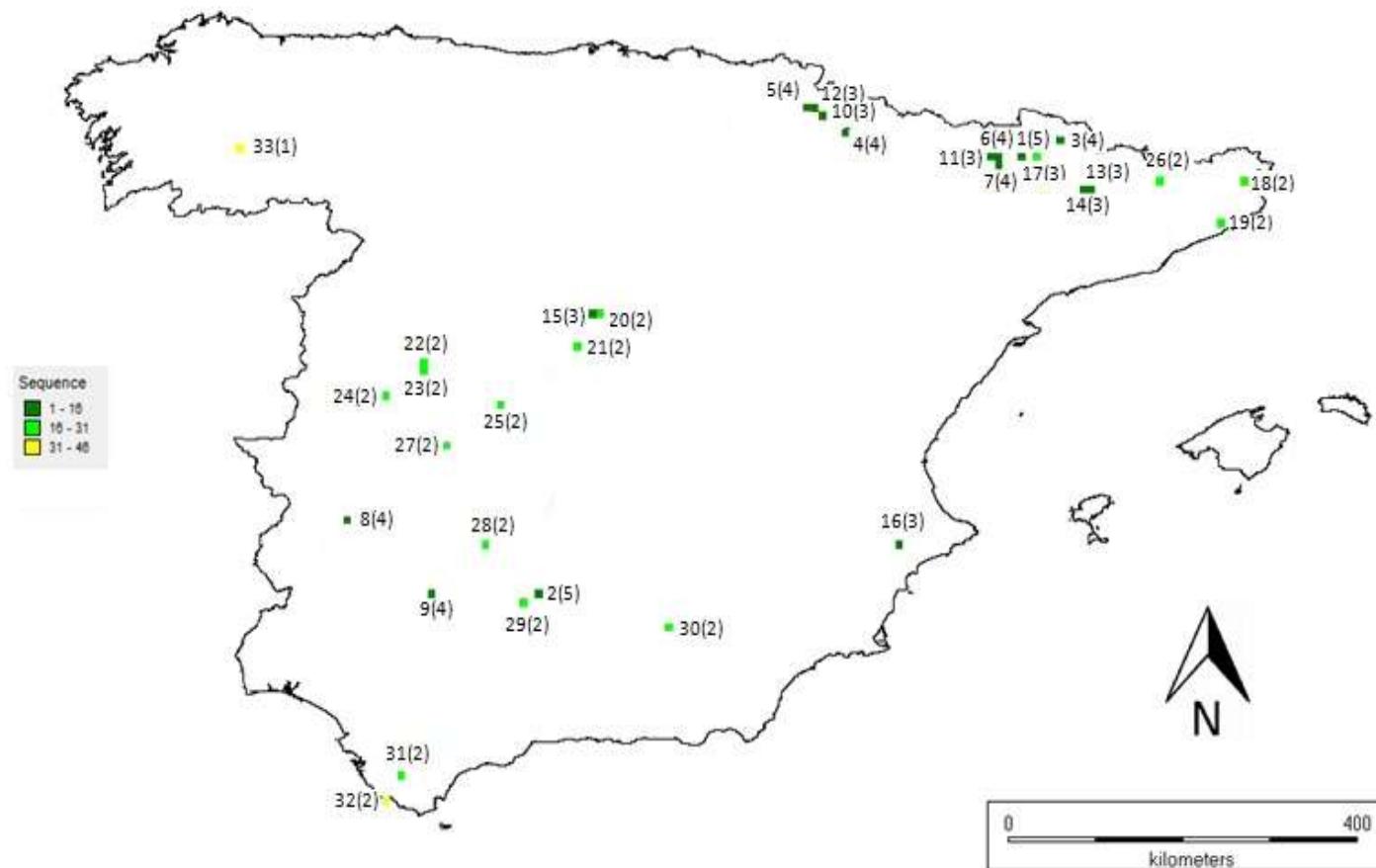
Location of complementarity areas for a full conservation of PsA-EU



M. L. Rubio Tejo

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

- 33 sites would give protection to all prioritized species (33 species) and to 68% of the conservation units PsA-EU



CONCLUSIONS

- Completing phytosociological inventories is needed to improve quantity and quality of the distribution records.
- The phytosociological association approach is useful to reduce number of conservation units in the fodder & forage case study, focusing on various species at a time.
- The joint use of phytosociological associations together with ecogeographical information allows to design conservation strategies that efficiently maximize not only the number of species to conserve but also their potential genetic diversity.
- The use of this approach can help directing efforts for an efficient design of a network of genetic reserves



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



PGR Secure is a collaborative project funded under the EU Seventh Framework Programme

THEME KBBE.2010.1.1-03, 'Characterization of biodiversity resources for wild crop relatives to improve crops by breeding', Grant agreement no. 266394.

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